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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/866,224	05/24/2001	Donald Steiner	2101950-991110	5883
7590 03/05/2004			EXAMINER	
ANDRE M GIBBS			CHEN, TE Y	
BLAKELY SOI	KOLOFF TAYLOR & Z	ZAFMAN LLP		
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SEVENTH FLOOR			2171	
LOS ANGELES CA 90025				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		- J					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/866,224	STEINER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Susan Y Chen	2171					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the d	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Fe	ebruary 2004.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>6-10,17-23 and 32-37</u> is/are pending	Claim(s) 6-10,17-23 and 32-37 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	<u> </u>						
6) Claim(s) <u>6-10,17-23 and 32-37</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	•					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive	ion No					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/866,224

. Art Unit: 2171

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Status

1. This office action is in response to the amendment file on 02/17/2004. Applicants have amended claims 6-10, 17-23 and 32-37 without traverse for continue prosecution, and canceled claims 1-5, 11-16 and 25-31.

Specification

2. The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicants' cooperation are requested in correcting any errors of which applicants may become aware in the specification.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 2171

3. Claim 6, is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 09/895,646. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other. Because claim 6 of instant application is a near verbatim reproduction of claim 1 of the '590 application, except that instead of claiming a narrower subject matter—register a weight vector of requestor as by the '646 application, the instant application cited a broader subject matter—register a resource provider.

Since the difference of the claimed subject matters in scope is de minimis and unrelated to the overall aesthetic appearance of the claims being compared; and it is well known in the database art, to register a weight vector of a resource provider as *de minimis* to register a resource provider, such that, the system can use it to feedback and re-rank a document. For example, see Chidlovskii et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,327,590; col. 8, lines 39-60). Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the '646 application invention by registering a resource provider as claimed at current application, because by doing so, the subject matter of the instant claim 6 would have been a prima facie obvious in view of the above noted claim 1 of '646 invention.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 19-23 and 34-37, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As claims 19 and 34, the claimed subject matter "instructions for generating at said search broker a registration database for said resource provider" is indistinct, since applicant fails to disclose how to generate at search broker a registration database for the resource provider. In order to continue prosecuting the instant application, the examiner regards the claimed subject matter as a URL repository of resource document collections.

As to claims 20-23 and 35-37, these claims have the same defect as their base claims, hence are rejected for the same reason.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section

Art Unit: 2171

351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 6-10, 17-23 and 32-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chidlovskii et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,327,590, hereinafter referred as Chidlovskii).

As to claim 6, Chidlovskii discloses a computer program product for use in conjunction with a distributed network [e.g., the internets (110, 106, Fig. 1), col. 4, lines 1, 8-9] comprising a resource requestor [e.g., the client computer (102, Fig. 1); col. 4, line 2], at least one search broker [e.g., the various search engines (20, 80, Fig. 2), col. 4, line 27] and at least one resource provider [e.g., the meta-search engine (80, Fig. 2), the user / community profilers (60, 70, Fig. 2), col. 4, lines 32-40, etc.], the computer program product [e.g., the distributed operating environment system of Fig. 1] comprising a computer readable storage medium [e.g., the heterogeneous databases, col. 5, line 36] and a computer program mechanism [e.g., the distributed operating environment mechanism of Fig. 1, including the application program interface(API, col. 5, lines 11-14), the Wrapper tool (col. 5, line 15-16), the community administrator (col. 7, lines 17-18), etc.] embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising:

a) first instructions for sending a resource query executable by said resource requester [e.g., the query (102, Fig. 2) issued by the user(100, Fig. 2), col. 4, lines 1-15];

Art Unit: 2171

b) second instructions executable by said search broker [e.g., the heterogeneous search engines, col. 1, lines 47-48] for registering said resource provider [e.g., the heterogeneous information provider distribute over the Web, col. 1, line 51; Note: Heterogeneous information providers must register with heterogeneous search engines to publish resource information at the Internet];

- c) third instructions executable by said search broker for finding said resource provider matching said resource query [col. 1, lines 45-56];
- d) fourth instructions executable by said search broker for sending said resource query to said resource provider [e.g., the search engine submits the query to the heterogeneous database; see col. 1, lines 50-56; col. 5, lines 33-39; Fig. 2]; and
- e) fifth instructions executable by said resource provider for finding resources available matching said resource query [col. 2, lines 49-51; col. 5, lines 48-55].

As to claim 7, except the features recited in claim 6, Chidlovskii further discloses the sixth instructions executable by said resource provider for sending search results to said resource requester [e.g. col. 5, lines 19-22].

As to claim 8, except the features recited in claims 7, Chidlovskii further discloses the seventh instructions executable by said resource provider for finding search brokers in said computer network [e.g., col. 2, lines 36-43; col. 5, lines 42-55].

Art Unit: 2171

As to claim 9, except the features recited in claims 8, Chidlovskii further discloses the eighth instructions executable by said resource provider for obtaining a resource description [e.g., col. 1, lines 50-56; 80, Fig. 2].

As to claim 10, except the features recited in claim 6, Chidlovskii further discloses the ninth instructions executable by said resource provider [e.g. the API or the wrapper, col. 5, lines 11-26] for sending a resource query to a computer coupled to said resource provider [e.g., col. 5, lines 11-26, 33-37].

As to claim 17, Chidlovskii discloses a computer program product for use in conjunction with a distributed network [e.g., the internets (110, 106, Fig. 1), col. 4, lines 1, 8-9] comprising a resource requestor [e.g., the client computer (102, Fig. 1); col. 4, line 2], at least one search broker [e.g., the proxy server (112, Fig. 1, col. 4, lines 6-15), the various search / meta-search engines (20, 80, Fig. 2), col. 4, line 27] and at least one resource provider [e.g., the user / community profilers (60, 70, Fig. 2), col. 4, lines 32-40], the computer program product [e.g., the distributed operating environment system, Fig. 1] comprising a computer readable storage medium [e.g., the heterogeneous databases, col. 5, line 36] and a computer program mechanism [e.g., the distributed operating environment mechanism of Fig. 1, including the application program interface (API, col. 5, lines 11-14), the Wrapper tool (col. 5, line 15-16), the community administrator (col. 7, lines 17-18), etc.] embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising:

Art Unit: 2171

a) first instructions for registering said resource provider [e.g., the heterogeneous information provider distribute over the Web, col. 1, line 51] with said search broker [e.g., the heterogeneous search engines, col. 1, line 47-48; Note: Heterogeneous information providers must register with heterogeneous search engines to publish resource information at the Internet].

- b) second instructions for sending a resource query [e.g., the query (102, Fig. 2)] from said resource requester [e.g., the user (100,Fig. 2)] to said search broker [e.g., the meta-search engine (80, Fig. 2)];
- c) third instructions for sending said resource query from said search broker to said resource provider [e.g., the search engine submits the query to the heterogeneous database; see col. 1, lines 50-56; col. 5, lines 33-39; Fig. 2];
- d) fourth instructions for searching said resource provider for local resources based on said resource query; and
- e) fifth instructions for sending search results from said resource provider to said resource requestor [e.g., the meta-search wrapper scans the HTML files returned by the search engine and return to the user; see col. 5, lines 16-26].

As to claim 18, except the features recited in claim 17, Chidlovskii further discloses the sixth instructions for sending said resource query [e.g., the query of some client computers (102, Fig. 1) located on an Intranet (100, Fig. 1)] from said resource provider [the proxey server 112, Fig. 1] to a computer [e.g., the servers 104, Fig. 1] coupled to said resource provider [e. g. Fig. 1; col. 4, lines 1-15].

Art Unit: 2171

As to claim 19, except the features recited in claim 17, Chidlovskii further disclose the sixth instructions for generating at said plurality of search brokers registration databases for said plurality of resource providers [e.g., the URL repository of resource document collections, col. 8, line 50].

As to claim 20, except the features recited in claim 19, Chidlovskii further discloses the seventh instructions for determining whether said resource provider contains a resource matching said resource query [e.g., col. 2, lines 49-51; col. 5, lines 48-55; col. 8, lines 49-51].

As to claim 21, except the features recited in claim 20, Chidlovskii further discloses the resource query comprises a keyword [e.g. the user defined key words t_i are keywords of user profile which was used as resource query to meta-search engine 80, Fig. 2; col. 8, lines 35-38].

As to claim 22, except the features recited in claim 21, Chidlovskii further discloses the eighth instructions for selecting said resource provider based on said keyword of said resource query [e.g., col. 6, lines 65 – col. 7, line 6].

Art Unit: 2171

As to claim 23, except the features recited in claim 22, Chidlovskii further discloses the ninth instructions for ranking said search results at said resource requester [e.g., col. 8, lines 26-46].

As to claim 32, Chidlovskii discloses a computer program product for use in conjunction with a distributed network comprising a resource requestor, a plurality of search brokers and a plurality of resource providers, the computer program product comprising a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising:

- a) first instructions for registering said plurality of resource providers [e.g., the heterogeneous information provider distribute over the Web, col. 1, line 51] with said plurality of search brokers [e.g., the heterogeneous search engines, col. 1, line 47-48; Note: Heterogeneous information providers must register with heterogeneous search engines to publish resource information at the Internet];
- b) second instructions for sending a resource query [e.g., the query (102, Fig. 2)] from said resource requester [e.g., the user (100,Fig. 2)] to at least a subset [e.g., the meta-search engine (80, Fig. 2)] of said plurality of search brokers [e.g., the heterogeneous search engines, col. 1, line 47-48];
- c) third instructions for sending said resource query from said subset of said plurality of search brokers [e.g., the meta-search engine (80, Fig. 2)] to at least a subset of said plurality of resource providers [e.g., the community document collection (70, Fig. 2)];

Art Unit: 2171

d) fourth instructions for searching for local resources based on said resource query [e.g., the wrapper used by the meta-searcher that scans the HTML files by the search engine and create (or find) an HTML file for local user viewing based on the resource query; see col. 1, lines 45-56; col. 5, lines 16-26; col. 6, lines 15-26]; and

e) fifth instructions for sending search results from said subset of said plurality of resource providers to said resource requester [e.g., the meta-search wrapper scans the HTML files returned by the search engine and return to the user; see col. 5, lines 16-26].

As to claim 33, except the features recited in claim 32, Chidlovskii further discloses the sixth instructions for sending said resource query from a resource provider to a computer coupled to said resource provider [e.g., col. 4, lines 1-15].

As to claim 34, except the features recited in claim 32, Chidlovskii further disclose the sixth instructions for generating at said plurality of search brokers registration databases for said plurality of resource providers [e.g., the URL repository of resource document collections, col. 8, line 50].

As to claim 35, except the features recited in claim 34, Chidlovskii further discloses the seventh instructions for determining whether said subset of said plurality of resource providers contains a resource that matches said resource query [e.g., col. 2, lines 49-51; col. 5, lines 48-55; col. 8, lines 49-51].

Art Unit: 2171

As to claim 36, except the features recited in claim 35, Chidlovskii further discloses the resource query comprises a keyword [e.g. the user defined key words t_i are keywords of user profile which was used as resource query to meta-search engine 80, Fig. 2; col. 8, lines 35-38].

As to claim 37, except the features recited in claim 35, Chidlovskii further discloses the eighth instructions for selecting a resource provider based on said keyword of said resource query [e.g., col. 6, lines 65 – col. 7, line 6].

Conclusion

- 6. To expedite the process of re-examination, the examiner requests that all future correspondences in regard to overcoming prior art rejections or other issues (e.g. 35 U.S.C. 112) set forth by the Examiner prior to the office action, that applicant should provide and link to the most specific page and line numbers of the disclosure where best support is found (see 35 U.S.C. 132).
- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Shoroff et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,381,602) which discloses systems and methods for enforcing access control on secured documents provided by external information providers; Teper et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,815,665) which discloses

Art Unit: 2171

online brokering service provides user authentication and billing services over

distributed public network.

Inquiry

Page 13

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Susan Y Chen whose telephone number is (703) 308-

1155. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 7:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on (703) 308-1436. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Susan Chen March 2, 2004 DAC 3/2/04